

Homestake Electrical Engineering Laboratory

Homestake Mine: Lead, SD February 9-11, 2006 Dr. Robert J. McTaggart

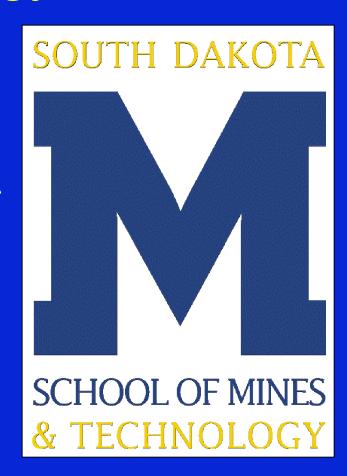
South Dakota State University

- Dr. Robert J. McTaggart
 Assistant Professor of Physics
- Dr. Michael Ropp
 Associate Professor of Electrical Engineering
- Kevin Dalsted, Associate Director South Dakota Space Grant Consortium



South Dakota School of Mines and Technology

- Dr. Li Chen
 Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering
- Dr. Shawn Decker, Director
 Center for Accelerated Applications at the Nanoscale (CAAN)
- Dr. Brian Hemmelman
 Associate Professor of Electrical Engineering
- Dr. Nian Zhang
 Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering



Organization of HEEL

Universities Government^{*} Private Agencies Companies HEEL **Balloon** Fabrication **Flights** Labs **Testing Facilities**

Effects of Radiation on Electronics

 Computer memory ("0" or "1") can be altered by radiation via the resulting ionization (SEU's).

Atoms in the material can be physically dislocated.

 Nuclei can be transformed into other isotopes that change the behavior of the material.

Purpose of Homestake Electrical Engineering Laboratory (HEEL)

 We propose to construct a prototype facility for the study of semiconductor materials and the behavior of electronics in an ultra-low radiation environment.

 We plan to construct and test radiation-hardened circuits, photovoltaics, nanotechnology, and components for quantum computers.

Questions

- Will the reduction in defects from cosmic rays yield surfaces, materials, and devices that have unique and valuable properties?
- Will said materials and devices prove beneficial not only at 4850 feet below the surface, but also on the surface and in space?

Physical Requirements

- We require a Class 100 clean room at the 4850 foot level.
- This clean room will be ~150 cubic meters in volume.
- An adjoining room for device characterization will require ~ 500 square feet of space.
- Estimate: 4-6 months for construction.

Clean rooms

- If devices built in Class 100 clean rooms show promise, we will then study effects for devices manufactured in a Class 1 clean room.
- If it is beneficial to manufacture devices in a Class 1 environment, then commercial production should be considered.
- Homestake would provide the greatest future manufacturing capacity in an ultra-low radiation environment.

SDSU Clean Room



What happens if we see nothing?

 We can still construct many different devices to be tested at Homestake.

 The research will enhance the new Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering at South Dakota State University.

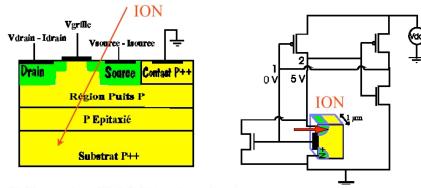
 The School of Mines currently has no clean room facilities.

Evaluation of devices

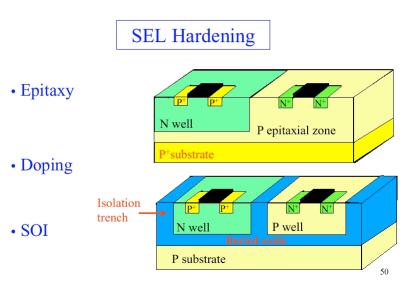
- Comparisons need to be made between electronics built at 4850, and electronics built on the surface.
- Soft-error upsets in circuits will be studied below the surface, on the surface, and via high-altitude balloon flights.
- We expose devices to a large dose of X-rays, and simulated conditions in space.
- Materials science characterization of devices will be performed (XPS, etc.).

SEU's: Single Event Upsets or Soft Error Upsets

- Intrinsic electric fields in the device can prevent the recombination of electron-hole pairs¹.
- We request minimal space on several levels to store circuits and other equipment.
- Temperature within ± 20
 °C of room temperature.



Effects in CMOS technologies



¹Single Event Upsets in Microelectronics: Fundamental Physics and Issues, Tang and Rodbell, MRS Bulletin, February 2003, p. 111-116.

Testing Infrastructure

 We request space at or near the surface for these components.

X-ray Machine²



Space **Simulation** Thermal Chamber³



² http://www.xtekxray.com/systems.htm#hmxst ³ http://lre.com/test2/docs/menu.htm

Synergy with other Homestake LOI

- We would use a research reactor from the study of neutron - anti-neutron oscillations to irradiate electronics.
- We could use a particle accelerator to irradiate electronics.
- We propose to irradiate our electronics via highaltitude balloon flights, and other experiments would have access to that infrastructure.
- Testing of particle physics detectors could be performed within HEEL's auspices.

High-Altitude Balloon Flights

- Expose circuits, solar cells, other technologies to cosmic rays.
- Test communication systems in the upper atmosphere.
- Astronomy and particle astrophysics.
- Meteorological studies of the upper atmosphere.
- NASA, NOAA, DOD, commercial interests

Aerial photograph by

In summary...

- HEEL will assess the manufacturing processes of electronics in a reduced radiation environment, and pursue possible commercial interests if proven beneficial.
- HEEL will evaluate the behavior of devices we construct at Homestake.
- We anticipate synergy with many different groups.

Thank you for your "Patience".

Low-Alpha Lead & the Cosmic Ray Equivalency Factor

GI Lykken, Dept. of Physics, UND, RL Brodzinski, PNNL, Earl Palmer, Palm Leaf Products, & Mike Tucker, Alpha Sciences



Acknowledgements

Tim May e-mail reply to John Gieser, June 1997

Low-Alpha Lead Symposium, LAL, Feb 26, 1997

Gary Larson, Far Side Comics

Ten Best Pictures of the Year 2003



Soft Errors- Genesis

Tim May in an e-mail June 1997

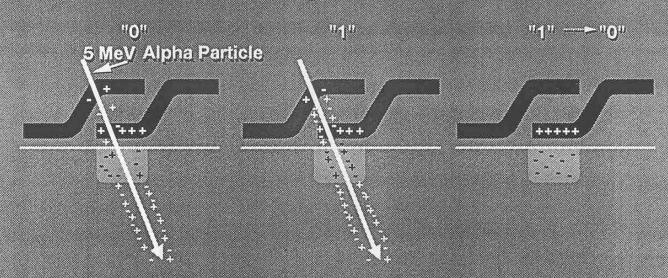
"How I came to suspect low levels of uranium and/or thorium while I was sitting in an outdoor hot tub (or Jacuzzi) at my apartment complex in Sunnyvale, CA makes for a good anecdote, and a true one, of course."

"Much of what I did was never allowed to be published. But, fortunately, Intel rewarded me in various ways, which is why I've been a man of leisure (!!) since 1986."



Soft Errors

Soft Errors from Alpha Particle Radiation



- U or Th impurities decay and generate alpha particles
- Alpha energy could be 8.78 MeV
- A 5 MeV alpha will penetrate 25 um of Si;
 generate 1.4M electron-hole pairs
- If electron accumulation exceeds critical charge, cell switches "1" to "0"
- No permanent damage.....a "soft" error

BGB209.ALPHA

Soft errors may also be caused by cosmic rays.



Low-Level \(\forall \) Counting

Mike Tucker-Alpha Sciences Jan 2006

"I'm midway through an unsolicited paper on a frighteningly recurring event; companies making the incorrect assumption that because they are now lead-free, they are alpha-free."

"On the contrary, we've measured several 'solder' replacements, completely free of Pb, only to find them very active (10x higher than comparable Pb), some on the order of 0.10 /cm²/hr."

"It would be of great interest to see what effect, if any, cosmic rays might have upon the alpha activity of a sample..."



Low-Level \(\forall \) Counting

- Mike Tucker-Alpha Sciences Jan 2006
- "The last Model 1950 to go out the door to a customer (shipped Dec. 23, 2005) was showing a background of 1.733 counts/hr."
- "Over the 1000 sq cm area of the window, that's 0.0017 a/cm²/hr background."
- "Over a period of 40 hours, the Lower Limit of Detection would be 0.0009, and down to 0.00057 after 100 hours."





Low-Level (Counting

Ron Brodzinski, PNNL January 2006

"In order to achieve these levels of sensitivity, it is necessary to utilize construction materials with unprecedented low-levels of radiological impurities; many orders of magnitude lower than the equilibrium levels of radioactivity maintained in most materials by cosmic-ray activation."

"There is a point, however, where the level of cosmic-ray interactions in these materials, will render further efforts to reduce radioactive impurities in these materials meaningless. At that cosmic-ray-equivalency level, further efforts and expense to reduce radiological impurities in component materials will be pointless, except for those instances of deep underground deployments."

"These cosmic-ray equivalency factors have never been measured for any material."



More on Low-Level (Counting

 Ron Brodzinski, PNL January 2006

"The 4 musketeers was taken at the start of our experiments in Homestake at the 4850-foot level circa 1981."





Proposed Experiment

Glenn I. Lykken, Dept of Physics, U of ND, glenn.lykken@und.nodak.edu,

Ron L. Brodzinski, Battelle Pacific Northwest Laboratory, ron.brodzinski@pnl.gov, Earl Palmer, Palm Leaf Products, Inc., epalmer2@verizon.net, and Mike Tucker, Alpha Sciences, Inc., ike@alphacounting.com.

- 1. "We propose to determine the effect of cosmic rays by measuring radiation from materials used in semiconductor memories in the presence of cosmic rays (at the surface of a deep mine) and in the absence of cosmic rays (deep underground)."
- 2. "A background counting laboratory (≈15m³) at ground level and a background counting laboratory (again ≈15m³)at the 4850-ft level are requested."
- 3. "Counting periods of up to three weeks at each level are anticipated beginning in June, 2007. "
- 4. "Minimal 120 V 60 Hz power (≈ 2 kW) to operate the detector and data acquisition equipment is anticipated."
- 5. "Access to the internet to remotely operate data acquisition equipment is required."



Thank you for your kind attention!



Could the cosmic-ray equivalency factor be an enigma?



Nu-light for DUSEL



